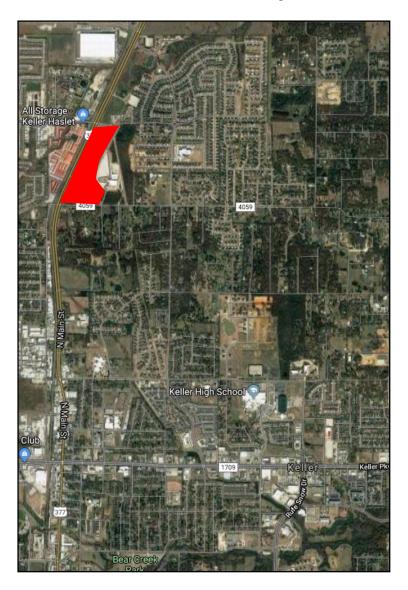
City of KELLER

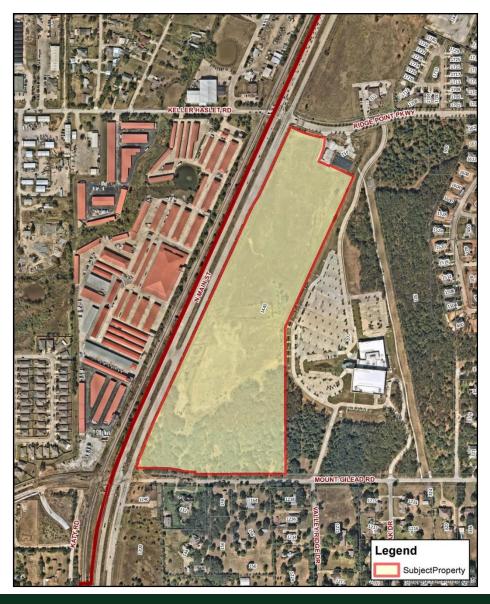
Item H-3

PUBLIC HEARING: Consider a recommendation for a Planned Development Zoning Change from C (Commercial) to PD-Mixed Use (Planned Development – Mixed-Use – Commercial/Residential), for Center Stage, a planned development consisting of seventy (70) single-family residential lots, five-hundred and fifty (550) Urban Residential Lofts, 59,500 square-feet of commercial uses (retail, restaurants, office), and 5.7 acres of open space, on an approximately 38-acre property, being Roberts, JJ Survey abstract 1305 Tract 1A1 & 3B, located on the east side of North Main Street, directly northeast of the North Main Street and Mount Gilead Road intersection, addressed as 1440 North Main Street. Realty Capital Management, LLC, applicant/developer. Engler Acquisition Partners, owner. Wier and Associates, surveyor/engineer. (Z-19-0002)

Item H-3 Location Map



Item H-3 Aerial View

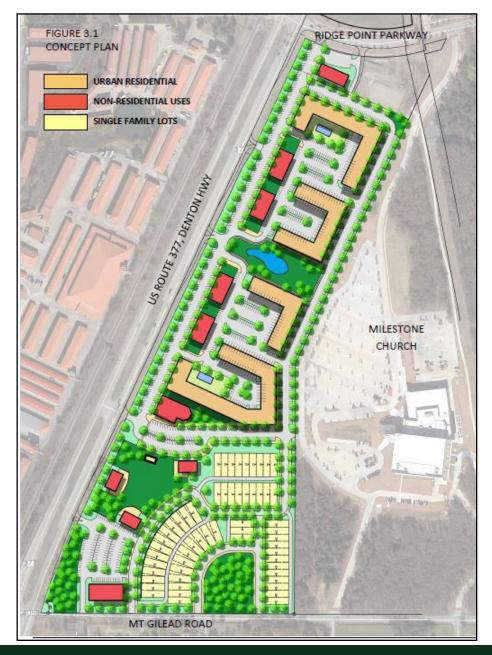




Center Stage Planned Development (PD) Zoning Request

The applicant, Realty Capital LLC ("RC"), is proposing a mixed-use PD. As RC stated in their cover letter:

"The project is located on the east side US 377 between Mount Gilead Rd and Ridge Point Parkway comprising approximately 38 acres adjacent to the Milestone Church. The intent of this project is to enhance the US 377 corridor with a project that includes a mixture of uses in an urban format, employing pedestrian oriented streets to connect living, working and entertainment uses within a walkable, tree-shaded environment."



Zoning – 2003 Engler Settlement

Though the City Zoning Map indicates this property is zoned Commercial, that zoning is trumped by the 2003 Engler Settlement ("Settlement") that addresses nearly 300 acres including this parcel.

The Settlement creates "The Commercial District" as the ruling zoning district. (Other parts of the Settlement laid out residential components now comprising Marshall Ridge and Milestone Church.)

Uses allowed:

- All uses in current UDC Retail District.
- Adds uses both by right (P) and with P&Z recommendation and City Council approval (SUP).
- Cannot be amended to add or subtract uses unless the PROPERTY OWNER requests a zoning change. Subsequently, the City is prohibited from changing the zoning uses unilaterally as it can for all other zoning districts.
- In this case, the property owner (via the applicant) is requesting a zoning change to Mixed-use Planned Development.

Mixed-Use PD Zoning Request Process

- UDC Two Alternatives for a PD submittal
 - A Concept Plan shows the applicant's intent for the use of the land supported by written documentation of proposals and standards for development.
 - A Detail Plan sets forth the detailed information (similar to a preliminary plat) that provides the basis for final plats and construction plans.
- Concept Plan
 - Once approved, if no "substantive changes," then a Detail Plan must be submitted and approved by City Council (without a public hearing). If any substantive changes are proposed, the Detail Plan must go to P&Z for a recommendation and then to City Council for approval. In this case, both meetings require public hearings.

Mixed-Use PD Zoning Request Process

- Substantive changes include:
 - Altering the relationship of the proposed development to the adjacent property
 - Changing the uses permitted
 - Increasing density
 - Increasing building height
 - Increasing site coverage
 - Changing off-street parking ratio
 - Significantly altering landscape plans (greenspace reduction)

The Commercial District Uses* (in addition to uses allowed under the UDC's Retail Zoning District) include the following by right (SUP not required):

Administrative or Corporate Offices

Church

City, County, State, and Governmental Offices

College, University or Private Boarding School

Copy Shop or Printing Shop

Dry Cleaning - shop

Dry Cleaning Plant or Commercial Laundry

Family Home/ Adult Care/ Day Care

Funeral Parlor or Mortuary

Furniture Restoration

Gunsmith (repair only)

Heating and Air Conditioning Sales & Services

Hospital

Hotel and Motel

Light Manufacturing

Newspaper Printing

Pawnshop

Pet Grooming (no outside pens)

Printing Company (commercial)

Private Club with Alcoholic Beverage Sales

Quarters for Caretaker (as a part of primary

structure)

Research and Scientific Laboratories

Retail and Services

Retirement Home/Nursing Home

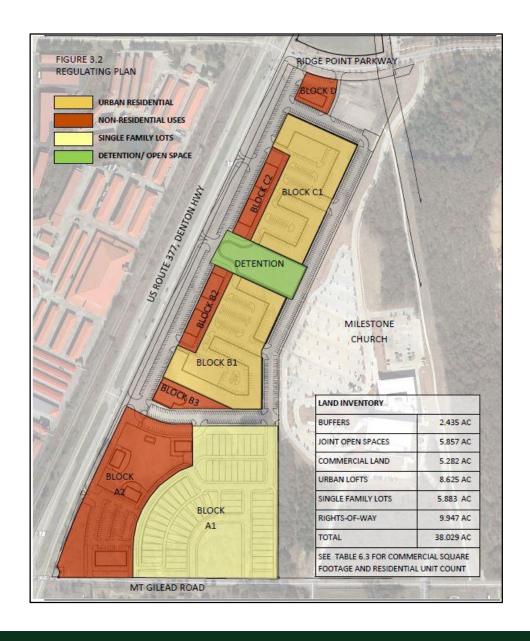
Theater

Wallpaper, Flooring, and Carpet Supply

Wholesale Distribution Center and Warehousing

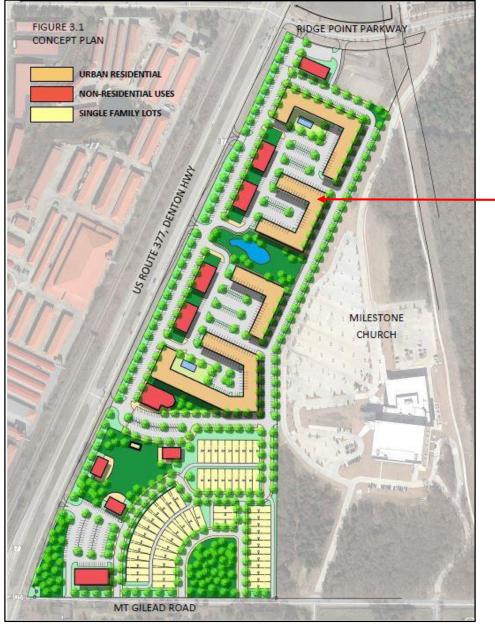
* Page 31 of Exhibit C

PERMITTED USES	BLOCK A1	BLOCK A2	BLOCKS B, C	BLOCK D		
UDC ZONE 'C' AND 'R' USES		Permitted	Permitted	Permitted		
UDC ZONE 'C' AND 'R' MODIFICATIONS						
Entertainment, Indoor and Outdoor	8	Permitted	Permitted	Permitted		
Bar, Tavern		Permitted	Permitted	Permitted		
Grocery under 20,000 square feet		Permitted	Permitted	Permitted		
Minor medical Emergency Clinic	5	Permitted	Permitted	Permitted		
Public Parking Garage		Permitted	Permitted	Permitted		
Restaurant, Café: On-premise alcohol sales		Permitted	Permitted	Permitted		
Spa, Cosmetology or Massage		Permitted	Permitted	Permitted		
ADDITIONAL PERMITTED USES						
URBAN LOFTS		8	550 UNITS MAX			
SINGLE FAMILY DETACHED LOTS	57 LOTS MAX					
MINIMUM OPEN SPACE	15% OVERALL					
DETENTION	Permitted	Permitted	Permitted	Permitted		



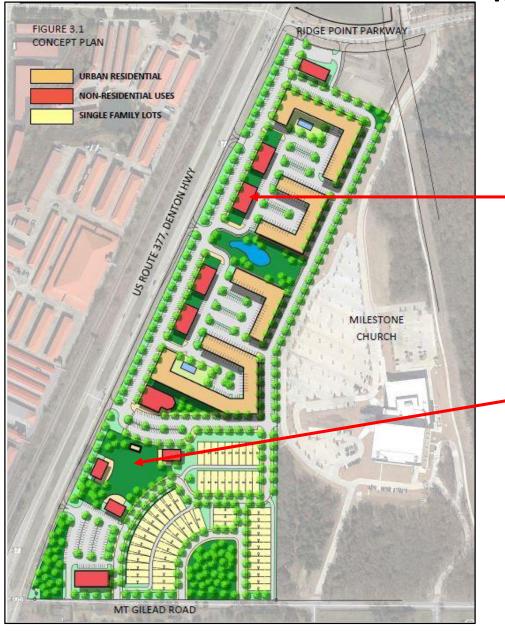
Site Design

LAND INVENTORY	
BUFFERS	2.435 AC
JOINT OPEN SPACES	5.857 AC
COMMERCIAL LAND	5.282 AC
URBAN LOFTS	8.625 AC
SINGLE FAMILY LOTS	5.883 AC
RIGHTS-OF-WAY	9.947 AC
TOTAL	38.029 AC
SEE TABLE 6.3 FOR COMM FOOTAGE AND RESIDENTIA	ERCIAL



Lofts

- The Planned Development includes 550 urban lofts
- The lofts are standalone structures located on the northern two-thirds of the property



Commercial

- Approximately 5.2 acres are dedicated to commercial/retail uses
- Uses proposed include:
 - Indoor & Outdoor entertainment
 - Bars & Taverns
 - Grocery Stores
 - Minor medical emergency clinics
 - Restaurants
 - Spas



Single-Family

- There are 57 detached singlefamily homes proposed
- Lot Standards include:
 - Minimum lot area: 2,700 sqft
 - Minimum lot width: 30'
 - Minimum lot depth: 90'
 - Front Set Back: 10'
 - Side Setback: 0' / 5'
 - o Rear Setback: 18'

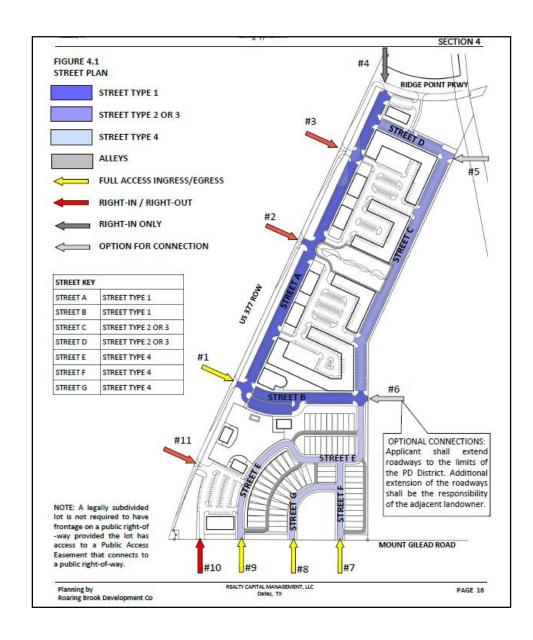
TABLE 7.1 FACADE TYPES	FAÇADE A	FAÇADE B	FAÇADE C
GROUND FLOOR BUILDING STANDARDS			
DESCRIPTION OF GROUND FLOOR	COMMERCIAL STOREFRONT	DWELLING UNITS WITH INTERI- OR OR EXTERIO ENTRY	DWELLING UNITS OR GARAGE
OCCUPANCY	RESIDENTIAL OR NON-RESIDENTIAL	RESIDENTIAL	RESIDENTIAL OR GARAGE
FINISH FLOOR ABOVE SIDE- WALK	NO STEPS	ONE-HALF STORY MAXIMUM	NO RESTRICTION
SEPARATION BETWEEN FLOORS	FIRE SEPARATION PER CODE	RESIDENTIAL SEPARATION	RESIDENTIAL SEPARATION
GROUND FLOOR GLASS	60% MINIMUM	20% MINIMUM	NO MINIMUM
SIGNAGE	COMPLY WITH RETAIL SIGNAGE	NO COMMERCIAL SIGNAGE	NO COMMERCIAL SIGNAGE
GROUND FLOOR ENTRY	DIRECT FROM SIDEWALK	INTERIOR CORRIDOR OR SIDE- WALK	INTERIOR CORRIDOR OR SIDE WALK
FRONTAGE STANDARDS	MAY BE USED WHERE FRONT- AGE TYPE A IS REQUIRED, MAY ALSO BE USED IN B, OR C FRONTAGE TYPES	MAY BE USED WHERE FRONT- AGE TYPE B IS REQUIRED, MAY ALSO BE USED IN C FRONTAGE TYPES	MAY BE USED WHERE FRONT AGE TYPE C IS REQUIRED

Planning by
Realty Capital Management, LLC
Dallas, TX
Roaring Brook Development Co

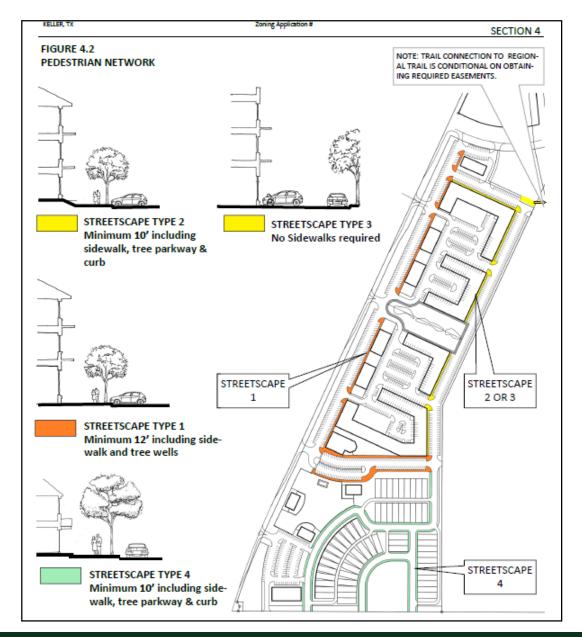
Building Elevations

Specific elevations, details related to building materials, and a description of the materials for residential homes are described on pages 31-33. Façade A & B meet the City of Keller's 80% masonry requirement. Façade C would allow up to 75% Hardi-Board and the single-family homes would be 90% masonry.

PAGE 31



- Draft TIA will need to be finalized and approved during the Detail Plan process.
- Items still in play:
 - Intersection analysis
 - Turn lane requirements
 - Driveway spacing (#4 & #10)
 - Throat distances
 - Development-related improvement requirements
- In terms of internal street design, all proposed streets will be private streets except for those in the Single-Family block including the alleyways.
- Connectivity with Milestone Church to the east is anticipated as is shared parking



The Pedestrian Network

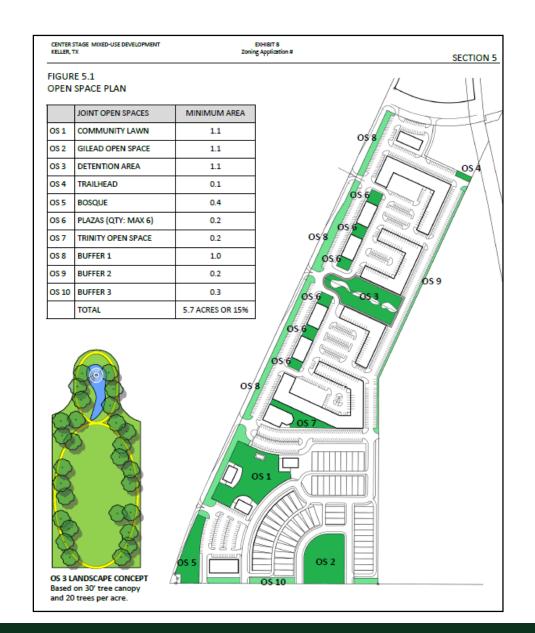
Streetscapes are described on pages 18, 21, and 22. The streetscape along Main Street (Streetscape 1) includes a 30-foot landscape buffer. Within this buffer will be a 12-foot sidewalk with trees planted on 30-foot centers.

The overall open space of 5.7 acres includes these landscape buffers and is shown on page 24. However, the UDC does not permit "street yard landscaping" so these buffers would not be included in the calculation for open space. The proposal allows flexibility in terms of whether to utilize Streetscape Type 2 or Type 3 along the east side of the development. Type 3 would not require a sidewalk or tree parkway along the length of the east side of the development.

			LAND USE	PARKING			
	A1	A2	В	С	D	TOTALS	REQUIRE
URBAN RESIDENTIAL LOFTS (# OF UNITS)			275	275		550	829
RESIDENTIAL LOTS (# OF LOTS)	57					57	2/LO1
IN-LINE RETAIL (ESTIMATED AREA)			18,000	12,000	7,000	37,000	189
RESTAURANTS (ESTIMATED AREA)		12,000				12,000	80
OFFICE (ESTIMATED AREA)		10,500				10,500	30
TOTAL REQUIRED PARKING	2/LOT	110	485	460	28	59,500	1120
PARKING PROVIDED							
ON-STREET PARKING		92	419	328	5		84
SURFACE PARKING LOT		118	152	146	24		440
GARAGE PARKING			59	56			11!
TANDEM PARKING			46	55			10:
TOTALS	2/LOT	210	676	585	29		1500

Parking Standards (Page 28-9)

Because of shared parking opportunities (retail shops open during the day while loft dwellers are working; access to Milestone Church Parking lot), the Applicant is requesting higher ratios for parking (less parking). For example, retail parking under the UDC is one space for each 200 square-feet of retail space. The Applicant is proposing one space for each 250 square-feet.



Open Space

- Open space is comprised of 5.7 acres. This includes all open space as well as landscape buffers and drainage areas.
- The UDC requires 15% open space in a PD. If street yard landscaping is included and all of the green spaces on this diagram, the 15% can be met.
- The open space along Mt. Gilead Road and the community lawn/performance area are each 1.1 acres for a total of 2.2 acres of open space.

Comparative Analysis	Current	Us	ses allowed by ri	ght	Uses under Planned Development			
Revenues from	undeveloped land with ag exemption	1.55 acres of Office	4.71 acres of Office Warehouse	.27 acres of Small Retail	One (7 per acre) Single Family	6.51 acres of Mixed Use	14.56 acres of Multi-Family	
*TAD appraised values	\$6,553,529.48	\$251,397.00	\$1,770,667.00	\$205,710.00	\$585,000.00	\$37,000,000.00	\$28,700,000.00	
TAD taxable values	\$5,668.00	\$251,397.00	\$1,770,667.00	\$205,710.00	\$20,475,000.00	\$37,000,000.00	\$28,700,000.00	
Estimated Value psf land	\$4.47	\$3.72	\$8.52	\$9.32	\$100.58	\$152.94	\$45.26	
Real Estate Property Tax	\$22.67	\$1,005.34	\$7,080.90	\$822.63	\$2,339.42	\$147,963.00	\$114,771.30	
Sales Tax (per Zac Tax)	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$446.90	0	\$58,307.10	\$0.00	
Translation of Tax								
Revenue Value per acre	\$0.76	\$648.60	\$1,503.38	\$4,697.28	\$17,522.22	\$31,685.12	\$7,882.64	

Economic Impact

The economic analysis provided illustrates that mixed-use centers generate the most annual tax revenues per acre*. The 38-acre planned development proposal could generate more than one million dollars in annual revenues for the city. This considers only primary impacts and does not include secondary or tertiary impacts.

^{*}Based on similar development within the city limits using 2019 dollars. Note: the single-family taxable value is based on a five-acre development.

Fire Department

Because of the distance from the nearest fire station, should the PD be approved, Chief Jones notes that the potential impact on the City of Keller's ISO Public Protection Classification (Class 2) would be jeopardized.

In order to maintain our rating and meet the Fire Code and City ordinances, all structures in the PD must install sprinkler systems. Staff recommends adding this requirement to the PD. (This development alone does not accelerate the need for a fourth Fire Station.)



Police Department

- The Keller Police Department has never registered a spike in area crime following construction of a multi-family development in our community.
- Department data consistently shows similarities in Calls for Service when comparing calls to multi-family units vs. single-family units.
- Total Part 1 crime figures in recent years have remained significantly lower than 20-25 years ago, before most of our multi-family units were constructed and when Keller had a smaller population.

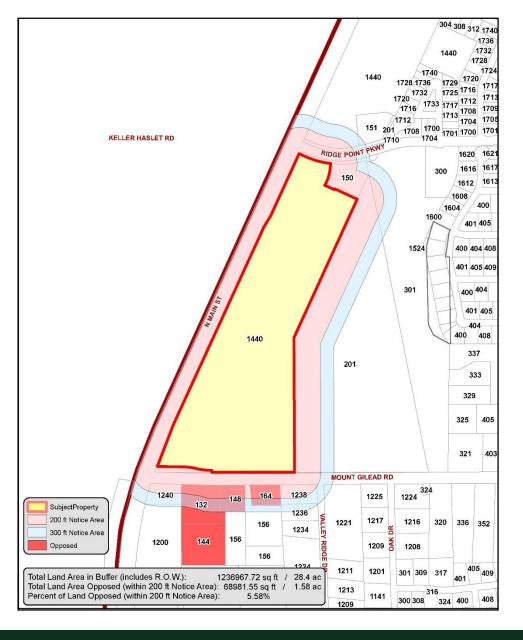
2019 Crime & Calls Snapshot

Apartment Complex	Units	Part 1 Crime- Property	Part 1 Crime- Violent	Disturbance	Other	Part 1 Crime Rate per 1,000 Units	Percentage of Total Calls for Service
Olympus at T.C.	276	3	3	6	60	21.7	0.5%
Olympus at Stone Glen	216	4	0	6	52	18.5	0.5%
Evergreen	240	0	0	0	8	0.0	0.1%
Grand Estates	160	3	0	7	57	18.8	0.5%
Art House	187	3	0	5	68	16.0	0.6%
Totals	1079	13	3	24	245	14.8	2.2%

Subdivision	Homes	Part 1 Crime- Property	Part 1 Crime- Violent	Disturbance	Other	Part 1 Crime Rate per 1,000 Units	Percentage of Total Calls for Service
Saddlebrook	177	14	3	7	92	96.0	0.9%
Willis Coves	181	4	0	3	97	22.1	0.8%
Quail Valley	240	2	0	3	45	8.3	0.4%
Carriage Gate	263	14	0	11	236	53.2	2.0%
Marshall Ridge	839	29	9	11	355	45.3	3.1%
Totals	1700	63	12	35	825	44.1	7.1%

Section 8.02 (D)(1)(e) of the UDC states that when considering a zoning change request, the Planning and Zoning Commission and City Council shall consider the following factors:

- 1) Whether the uses permitted by the proposed change will be appropriate in the immediate area concerned and their relationship to the general area and the City as a whole, and in compliance with the Future Land Use Plan.
- 2) Whether the proposed change is in accord with any existing or proposed plans for providing streets, water supply, sanitary sewers, and other utilities to the area, and shall note the findings.
- 3) The amount of vacant land currently classified for similar development in the vicinity and elsewhere in the City, and any special circumstances which may make a substantial part of such vacant land unavailable for development.
- 4) The recent rate at which land is being developed in the same zoning classification as the request, particularly in the vicinity of the proposed change.
- 5) How other areas designated for similar development will be, or are unlikely to be, affected if the proposed amendment is approved.
- 6) Any other factors which will substantially affect the health, safety, morals, or general welfare.



- On January 2, 2020 the City mailed out 20 letters.
- As of the date of the Staff Report (January 15, 2020), at 2 p.m., Community Development had received 88 emails and 4 letters in opposition; 7 emails were received in support of the project. We do not believe any of the people sending emails reside within the 300' buffer of the proposed project. All four written letters of opposition are located within the 200' buffer. Combined, these comprise 5.58% and therefore do not trigger the supermajority vote requirement.

The Planning and Zoning Commission recommended approval of the Concept Plan (Rezone to Mixed-Use PD) with four conditions by a vote of 6-1 at the January 14, 2020, meeting. The conditions included the following:

- Reduce the number of apartments
- Ensure upscale, high-quality, "luxury" products
- Conduct a noise study in relation to the highway and train tracks during the Detail Plan phase
- Install sprinkler systems in each and every building located in the PD

The City Council has the following options when considering a Planned Development Zoning change:

- Approve as recommended by the Planning and Zoning Commission
- Approve with modified or additional condition(s)
- Table the agenda item to a specific date with clarification of intent and purpose
- Deny



Questions?
Julie Smith
817-743-4129